Marriage, Divorce, & Remarriage
By Ron Adema, Pastor of Doctrinal Studies Bible Church

Foreword

Jane and I have been married since 1959 and here we are almost 50 years later and into the 21st Century. Our marriage has survived cultural changes from "Ozzie and Harriet" to the "Osborne's" and the "Simpson's." We met and married in a culture that believed in marriage "until death do us part." This was a culture that taught couples to stay together and to work through the stress and strains of normal life problems.

In this culture we had role models that embraced this thinking and taught it in the church and to our families. Today the attitude seems to be – "until one of us becomes unhappy." A few years into our marriage, Jane and I began to pursue the answers to marital problems by studying what the Bible had to say about marriage and then applying it to our marriage. It didn’t change the normal stress and strain of life, but it did change our way of dealing with the stress and strain and with each other.

Early lessons in my life

Let me give you one example that comes to mind about how Bible teaching changed our way of dealing with problems. We were struggling with finances and time management and being married with two children and going to college and working and all the things that go along with marriage. I was offered a great traveling job, which was a wonderful opportunity for my career and our finances. However, it kept me away from home and from involvement in rearing our children, which eventually grew from two to four.

During one of my Bible studies on marriage, family, and rearing children, I became convicted regarding my limited involvement as a husband and father and Christian role model. I was overwhelmed with the need to be a part of my children’s early development as people. (You can read what we discovered in another booklet entitled "Parenting" on our website at www.doctrinalstudies.com)

After much prayer and discussion, Jane and I agreed that it would be better for us as a family for me to become a full-time husband and father. What happened from that day until now is an unbelievable story of our marriage, family and ministry.

These are the words that still burn in my soul:

“What would it profit me as a father, if I gained the whole world and lost my own family?”
I placed myself into Mark 8:36-37 and the story of Noah: “God did not spare the ancient world, but preserved Noah, a preacher of righteousness, with SEVEN OTHERS (his family), when He brought a flood upon the world of the ungodly” (my emphasis added) (2 Peter 2:5).

Jane and I have written this booklet to help you through the different stages of marriage difficulties with Biblical answers. It was also written to point out common conflicts with the hope that you will be encouraged to seek spiritual and marital counsel rather than throw away your marriage or marital happiness. It is our prayer that it will be as helpful to you and your marriage and family as it has been to ours.

Prior to studying each lesson

Before studying each of these eight chapters, it is important to evaluate your spiritual relationship with the Lord Jesus Christ. Your spiritual relationship is the key to the study and application of these Biblical principles to your marriage.

As you work your way through this booklet, you will be given the opportunity to prepare yourself at the beginning of each lesson by reading 2 Timothy 3:16-17, John 16:13 and 1 John 1:9. Understand that personal sin hinders the teaching ministry of the indwelling Holy Spirit (1 Cor.6:19-20). Therefore I encourage you to begin each study with confession of sin and with prayer.

Next Chapter:
The Origins of Marriage
The Origin of Marriage

Matthew 19:3-12 and Mark 10:3-12 records Jewish religious leaders challenging Jesus on the subject of Mosaic laws concerning divorce. One point that Jesus made during this discussion was that their problem with divorce was directly related to their problems with marriage (Matt. 19:4-8; Gen. 1:26-27; Gen. 2:24; 1 Cor. 6:16; Eph. 5:31). This was part of my motivation in writing this booklet and especially this chapter on the Origin of Marriage.

Many people have no idea how marriage originated. They do not know that it was instituted by God and not by man, because they have never researched it nor read about it in the first book of the Bible (Gen. 2:18-25). Yet, there are many interesting things recorded in the first Scriptures on the origin of marriage (Gen. 2:18-25). For example, it is interesting that three different teachers and authorities are required to explain the origin of marriage. The first teacher was the sovereign Lord God (Gen. 2:18-22). The second teacher was the first spouse, Adam (Gen. 2:23). The third teacher was the spiritual leader, Moses (Gen. 2:24-25) [addition of parents].

This tells me that the origin of marriage was established by a sovereign God before the Garden of Eden and confirmed by a spousal Adam in the Garden and taught by a spiritual Moses after the Garden.

Jesus and Paul used the canonized writing and teaching of Moses in their teachings on the origin of marriage (Matt. 19 and Ephesians 5).

It is also interesting that in the middle of the lesson on the origin of marriage, God paused to talk about household pets:

“The Lord God said, ‘it is not good for the man to be alone; I will make a helper suitable for him.’ Now the Lord God had formed out of the ground all the beasts of the field, all the birds of the air; He brought them to the man to see what he would name them and whatever the man called each living creature, that was its name. So man gave names to all the livestock, the birds of the air, the beast of the field.” Gen. 2:18-20

An important point can be interjected into the lesson on the origin of marriage. Man’s best friend is not Fido (or any other substitutions), because in these verses he tells of the creation of Eve, Adam’s Suitable Helper.

At this moment, please let me say that single solitude is a time to become more spiritually and biblically prepared for marriage and life. One needs to become content
with single life in order to understand contentment with married life (1 Cor. 7:32-35). I have discovered that people who are not content with single life are not good candidates for marriage at that stage of their lives.

**Christ is the only solution to loneliness**

It is interesting that it was the sovereign God and not Adam who declared that it was not good to be alone and needed a suitable helper (neqed ezer or corresponding counterpart of Gen. 1:26-27). However, God is not suggesting that marriage can somehow dispel single loneliness. Some of the loneliest people I have met have been married. Occupation with Jesus Christ is needed to dispel loneliness and take up the slack of a soul mate. Read 1 Cor. 7:32-35 and then read it again. Now, read 1 Pet. 2:25. Romantic love is not always a rational experience; therefore, Christians need to first experience divine love in their souls (Eph. 5:25-33; 1 Cor. 13:4-8; Gal. 5:16, 22-23).

Adam in single solitude knew scripturally that a suitable helper was missing because the Lord God taught him just as the Lord is teaching us (Gen. 2:18-19). The Lord brought (bo / hiphil impf) Adam substitutions that convinced him of the uniqueness of the grace offer of a suitable helper (Gen. 2:19). In God's perfect timing and grace, God would bring (bo / hiphil impf) the suitable helper to Adam for marriage (Gen. 2:22; Prov. 18:22).

God gave Adam a special mate not a spare mate (1 Cor. 11:8-12). Today, the Christian church is exchanging special mates like they exchange spare tires. A wife is a special rib not a spare rib. Today, there is no respect for the sanctity of marriage as a divine institution. This is obvious by the way people mistreat it (Gen. 2:18-25).

God gave Adam a wife without giving him pain (Gen. 2:21-22). If there is a lot of pain and suffering during the courtship, this is not a healthy relationship for marriage and you should seek counseling NOW!

Here is a brief list of some people who, as Believers in Jesus Christ, should never marry without professional counseling.

- An Unbeliever (2 Cor. 6:14-18; 1 Cor. 7:39; 9:5)
- An Unscripturally divorced believer (Matt. 19:4-6; 1 John 3:18-21)
- A Heavy drinker, drug user / seller, or compulsive gambler (Prov. 23:20-21; Rom. 13:13-14)
- An Extremely jealous believer (Gal. 5:16-26; Prov. 12:18)
- A Neurotic or Psychotic believer (Prov. 21:9; 27:15)

**The First Wedding**

*Genesis 2:18-25* records the first wedding ceremony of human history between Adam and Eve. Three different Hebrew words are used to describe Adam and Eve in regards to marriage (ish, ishah, and ha adam).

In the wedding, the husband becomes (ish) and wife becomes (ishah): “For this cause a husband (ish) shall leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife (ishah); and they shall become one flesh.” (Genesis 2:24) [Monogamous].

Leaving for independence and cleaving for dependence are important parts of the
marriage becoming one flesh. This is symbolized in the wedding ceremony by the unity candle.

There are several times during marriage when cleaving (dabaq) (intimate togetherness) is essential. Two obvious times is when the children permanently leave home. The first time is when as someone’s children, you leave home. The second time is when your own children leave your home (the empty nest). Marital cleaving is very important.

In marriage the husband (ish) is also the man (ha adam) of his wife (ishah). (Genesis 2:25) “and the man (ha adam) and his wife (ishah) were both naked and were not ashamed.” This is a double role for the husband (ish) and as ha adam, the husband holds the position of headship in the divine chain of authority. (1 Cor. 11:3; Eph. 5:23) He also holds the responsibility of cleaving ish and ishah into one flesh (Gen. 2:24, Eph. 5:22-33).

Jesus posed a neology to the teaching on marriage from Genesis 2:18-25: “Consequently they are no longer two, but one flesh. What therefore God has joined together let no man separate.” (Matt. 19:6)

This phrase was based on this doctrinal principle: “But from the beginning it has not been this way.” (Matt. 19:8)
THE ORIGIN OF MARRIAGE

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following eight point homiletical outline will help you review The "Origin of Marriage".

1. **Single solitude** (Gen.2:18-19). What is God's Plan?
2. **Substitution** (Gen.2:19-20a). Who is really man’s best friend?
3. **Suitable helper** (Gen.2:20). Who provides a corresponding counterpart?
4. **Special mate** (Gen.2:21). Who prepares special soul mates for marriage?
5. **Sanctity of marriage** (Gen.2:21-22). For whom did God establish the Divine Institution of marriage?
7. **Separating from familiarities** (Gen.2:24). What is the objective of learning "leaving and cleaving"?
8. **How should you separate from familiarities according to Gen.2:24?**
Spousal roles (Gen.2:24-25). What are the unique roles of the husband and wife in the plan of God?

REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about the Origin of Marriage. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

Don’t go back and change anything you write.
Marital Grace

At the end of the Sixth Day of Creation, God stated that everything was "very good" (Gen. 1:31). Then, God stated that there was something that was "not good," and that was the single solitude of man: "It is not good for the man to be alone" (Gen. 2:18). It is at this point that God introduced Marital Grace (Gen. 2:18-25). Later, Solomon will pen this same doctrinal concept: "He who finds a wife finds a good thing, and obtains favor (chen) [grace] from the Lord." (Prov. 18:22)

In the lesson on the Origin of Marriage, we learned that God perceived a need in man for an intimate monogamous relationship: “Your heavenly Father knows what you need before you ask Him.” (Matt. 6:8) This need was communicated by the word of God before the need was supplied by the grace of God (Gen. 2:18). “And my God shall supply [grace] all your needs according to His riches in glory in Christ Jesus.” (Phil. 4:19)

Neither Adam nor Eve had to engage in a “frantic search” for some mystical mate. But, it was important for them to apply faith to the promises of God regarding marital grace: “And being fully assured that what He had promised, He was able also to perform.” (Rom. 4:21)

It was God’s grace that created the human soul in the image of God and uniquely male (zakar) and female (neqebah) for a spiritual and a marital monogamous relationship: "But from the beginning of creation [Sixth Day], God made them male and female (Gen. 1:26-27). For this cause [monogamous marital relationship] a man shall leave his father and his mother, and the two shall become one flesh; consequently, they are no longer two, but one flesh. What therefore God has joined together let no man separate.” (Mark 10:6-8)

The Bible teaches that marriage is a divine institution for man and not a human institution for God. It has been designed by the sovereignty of God to exist throughout human history (Gen. 2:18-25; Matt. 19:4-6; 24:38-39; Eph. 5:22-33). God designed marriage for life on earth and not heaven (Matt. 22:23-30) “For in the resurrection they neither marry, nor are given in marriage, but are like angels in heaven.” (Matt. 22:30)

Because marriage is a divine institution, Jesus said people entering it should respect the sanctity of marriage: “What therefore God has joined together let no man separate.” People entering marriage need to understand that their wedding vows given before God and invited guests are for a lifetime and not for a short time. Unfortunately, it seems that a lot of people today marry for the short term rather than for the long term.
During His ministry, Jesus emphasized that a spiritually and morally declining nation has a problem making commitments and keeping vows to the Lord: “you shall not make false vows, but shall fulfill your vows to the Lord.” (Matt. 5:31-33)

God graced the divine institution of marriage in such a way that it has been able to survive the assaults of Satan, the fall of Adam, the imputation of Adam’s sin, and the gaining of an old sin nature (Gen. 3 and Rom. 5:12-21).

We understand that the fall of Adam did not affect the institution of marriage, but it did affect the individuals within it (Gen. 2:17; 3:16-17; Matt. 19:8).

In the plan of God, God is the divine source of marital grace and married couples are the human source: “You husbands likewise, live with your wives in an understanding way [word of God], as with a weaker vessel (1 Cor. 11:3, 7-12), since she is a woman (Gen. 1:26-27); and grant (aponemo / p.a.ptc / nplm) [to dispense appreciation of a wife based on how God views her worth] her honor [worth] as a fellow heir of the grace of life [marital grace], so that your prayers may not be hindered [warning].” (1 Pet. 3:7)

Notice that the Christian husband is to have a grace attitude of granting honor to his wife at ALL TIMES (present tense of aponemo) [without blame]. Pay special attention to the reason given by Peter: “fellow heir of the grace of life.” Did you notice the warning?

“Pray without ceasing; in everything give thanks; for this is God’s will for you in Christ Jesus.”

(1 Thess. 4:17-18)

Adam and Eve were not required to provide their own marital grace apart from God and neither are you! I watch couples struggle so hard inside their marriage to do what God is willing to do for them by grace through the faith cycle. In the midst of this entire struggle and frustration, they could choose to let God’s marvelous grace do it for them: “My grace is sufficient for you, for power is perfected in weakness.” (2 Cor. 12:9) Grace is based on God’s character and His promise to provide for our needs: “Let us then approach the throne of grace with confidence, so that we may receive mercy and find grace to help in time of need.” (Heb. 4:16)

Let me stop and remind you of the following five aspects of marital grace recorded in Gen.2:18-25 under the principle of God’s promise (“God said”).

1. I will make for him a helper suitable for him (Gen. 2:18-19)
2. Lord God caused (Gen. 2:21a)
3. He took (Gen. 2:21b)
4. Lord God fashioned (Gen. 2:22a)
5. Lord God brought (Gen. 2:22b)

Grace is based on God’s character and His promise to provide for marital needs. Adam
and Eve were married under ideal conditions and in a perfect culture and yet, they did not live happily ever after (Gen. 3). Does that surprise you? Adam went from single solitude to marital bliss to big marital trouble. Sometimes, believe it or not, the wind goes out of our honeymoon sails. Sometimes the moonlight and roses turn into daylight and dirty dishes. You think, “dear God what have I gotten myself into this time?” This is the time when marital grace can work miracles in your marriage. It is important to stay faithful to the promises of God about marriage. This is a time for responsible CLEAVING and not irresponsible leaving. Adam and Eve became distracted from their spiritual relationship and from the simplicity of the truth of God’s word (Gen. 2-3). Their failures remind us that through our free will through our free will we can foul up volitionally what God created for our well being. It also shows that when our monogamous spiritual relationship gets “out of whack,” our monogamous marital relationship will not be far behind.

Lesson Worksheet

Previous Chapter:
The Origin of Marriage

Next Chapter:
Monogamous Relationships

Marriage, Divorce, & Remarriage
By Ron Adema, Pastor of Doctrinal Studies Bible Church

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MARTIAL GRACE

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following five point homiletical outline will help review Marital Grace.

Wife (1 Pet.3:7a). What two things does a husband find when he finds a wife?

_________________________________________________________________

Weaker (1 Pet.3:7b). What has God designed the wife’s soul and body to be?

_________________________________________________________________

Woman (1 Pet.3:7c). How has God designed the wife’s soul to be compatible?

_________________________________________________________________

Worth (1 Pet.3:7d). How is the wife viewed in God’s sight and to what does He compare her? (1 Pet.3:5) (Eph.5:23)

_________________________________________________________________

Warning (1 Pet.3:7e). How can the way the husband treats his wife affect him?

_________________________________________________________________

FELLOW HEIR OF THE GRACE OF LIFE (1 Pet.3:7)
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about Marital Grace. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

*Don’t go back and change anything you write.*
Jesus reminds us that the original intent of the marriage covenant was cleaving into companionship for life: “And the two shall become one flesh; consequently they are no longer two, but one flesh. What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate (chorizo/p.a.impv.3ps) [command].” *(Mark 10:2-12).*

This last phrase added by Jesus teaches that the monogamous marital relationship is meant to be permanent. Notice that it contains the command: “let no man separate.” This Greek word for separate is used in *Rom. 8:35-39* in a similar way. This will give you an idea of the powerful use of this Greek word for the permanent state of marriage.

What has happened to a culture that once believed in marriage as a divine covenant? What has happened to this culture where the divorce rate has gone from 2% in 1945 to 50% today?

Since 1945, the American culture has treated marriage as a human institution that you can enter and leave like a department store.

Jesus warned His culture and the religious leaders of His day of the same thing when He told them: “You are mistaken, not understanding the Scriptures, nor the power of God.” *(Matt. 22:29; 22:23-33)*

Take a minute, if you haven't already, print out this book by clicking here and then write the two major warnings given by Jesus on the blank lines provided.

This booklet is designed to help us understand about the Scriptures and power of God regarding marriage as a divine covenant.

The answer to marital problems is not to run away from marriage. When you run away from marriage without resolving the marital problems, the problems go with you. Somewhere, at sometime, you must stop and deal with them.

Marriage is a perfect institution but with imperfect married people. Jesus’ advice was to run to the Scriptures and the power of God.

Paul used the same Greek word for separation (chorizo) with similar advice in *Rom. 8:35-39*. Note that (chorizo) was used for both spiritual and marital monogamous relationships: “What shall separate us from love?” Paul discussed
problems of life that might threaten the monogamous relationship and then made this profound statement: “But in all these things we overwhelmingly conquer through Him who loved us” (Rom. 8:37).

In your book write down three of your marital problems on the blank lines provided, biggest first.

Think on some of your marital problems, These are not any different than those listed in Rom. 8:35-39 and you too are to conquer through Jesus Christ, but you must understand the Scriptures and the power of God and let them work in your LIFE.

I can’t walk in your shoes and you can’t walk in my shoes, but we can both walk in the shoes of Jesus Christ by faith "This is the victory that has overcome the world, our faith." (1 John 5:4)

Paul explained the principle of the power of God working in our life: “My grace is sufficient for you, for power is perfected in weakness.” (2 Cor. 12:9)  Spiritual power perfects weakness if it operates under God’s grace by faith.

Abraham had a marital problem and applied this principle and gave his testimony in Rom. 4:17-21. He described his problem as hopeless by sight. What was important was for Abraham to walk by faith and not by sight (2 Cor. 5:7).

Read the six things Abraham believed to walk by the faith cycle through a difficult time in his marriage:

1. God, who gives life to the dead and calls into being that which does not exist (Rom. 4:17)
2. In hope against hope he believed (Rom. 4:18)
3. Without becoming weak in faith (Rom. 4:19)
4. With respect to the promise of God, he did not waver in unbelief (Rom. 4:20a)
5. But grew strong in faith, giving glory to God (Rom. 4:20b)
6. Being fully assured that what He had promised, he was able also to perform. (Rom. 4:21)

In the Hebrew language of Gen. 2:18-25, monogamous marital relationship is taught by the Hebrew words (ish) and (ishah) "For this cause a man (ish) shall leave his father and his mother, and shall cleave to his wife (ishah); and they shall become one flesh.” (Gen. 2:24)

God created two distinct and different characteristics of the human soul as male (zakar) and female (neqebah). They were created to become one in marriage. This would happen as they cleave as husband (ish) and wife (ishah). This means that they no are longer single male and single female, but husband (ish) and wife (ishah).

The rib taken from man and fashioned into his wife who God brought to him also illustrates the monogamous marital relationship. Adam described his monogamous marital relationship by the following five things: bone of my bone, flesh of my flesh, ishah (woman) out of ish (man), leave and cleave, and becoming one flesh. (Gen. 2:21-25)

One of the ways you know that you are cleaving (dabaq) [intimacy of togetherness] is found in the extent of your companionship with your mate.

This doctrinal principle is described by Solomon in Eccl. 9:9: “Enjoy life with the
woman whom you love all the days of your fleeting life which He has given you under the sun; for this is your reward in life, and in your toil in which you have labored under sun.”

One way you know that marital companionship is not developing is that you hear married people say:

“I feel so alone”
“My mate talks at me, but not to me”
“I got more loving from my mate when we dated”
“I feel so trapped in an emotionless and loveless relationship”
“We never do anything together” and “I’m so unhappy and miserable.”

If, in your marriage relationship, you are bored and unhappy, feeling alone, which is the normal life for the single person (Gen. 2:18), you will probably became bored and unhappy at some point with the “leaving and cleaving” principle of married life.

God says that He designed the monogamous marital relationship so that married couples could ENJOY LIFE together. So what is wrong? Either God is out of step with you or you are out of step with God?

Paul said that we are either walking by faith or by sight? (2 Cor. 5:7) And Peter said that when two Christians marry they are fellow heirs of the grace of life (1 Pet. 3:7).

Paul gives five characteristics of cleaving into companionship in 2 Cor. 6:14-16.

- Partnership
- Fellowship
- Harmony
- Common interests
- Agreement

Did you notice what these five things have in common and what makes them work? When you study these five things, you will discover that the common denominator is God (righteousness, light, Christ, spiritual, and temple): “I will dwell in them and walk among them; and I will be their God, and they shall be My people.” (2 Cor. 6:16)

God created the human soul for spiritual and marital monogamous relationships in life. Paul says that these two relationships are intertwined in Christian marriage: “This is a great mystery; but I am speaking with reference to Christ and the church. Nevertheless let each individual among you also love his wife even as himself; and let the wife see to it that she respect her husband.” (Eph. 5:32-33)

Another idea of cleaving into companionship of monogamous marital relationship is the Greek word (suzeugnumi) “What therefore God has joined together (suzeugnumi / a.a.ind/) [yoked together] let no man separate.” (Mark 10:9) Marriage is the yoking together of two people into one.

Having been reared on a farm during a time when horses were still in some use, I understand the significance of the English translation of suzeugnumi as yoking together. For example, horses do not yoke themselves together nor do the groom and bride.

What does Mark 10:9 say “yokes them together”? The same is true of your spiritual monogamous relationship yoking: “Now all these things are from God, who reconciled us to Himself through Christ, and gave us the ministry of reconciliation.” (2 Cor. 5:18)
This spiritual yoking is forever, “And the witness is this, that God has given us eternal life, and this life is in His Son. He who has the Son has the life; he who does not have the Son of God does not have the life.” (1 John 5:11-12)

We began this chapter by quoting Jesus’ comments to some Pharisees regarding the disintegration of marriage in a moral and spiritual declining nation. There was so much divorce that there was division among the religious leaders as to cause and cure (Matt. 19:3-12).

I believe that the point that Jesus was trying to make was that the real problem was the neglect of Scriptural teaching on the origin of marriage: “Have you not read, that He who created them from the beginning made them male and female (Gen. 1:26-27), and said, ‘For this cause a man shall leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife; and the two shall become one flesh (Gen. 2:24)?’ (Matt. 19:4-5)

Jesus restated the primary purpose of cleaving in marriage as "the two shall become one flesh. Consequently they are no longer two, but one flesh.” (Matt. 19:5-6a) Jesus is emphasizing the importance of a monogamous marital relationship. Then Jesus gave a neology that is stated at nearly every Christian wedding I have ever attended: “What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate.” (Matt. 19:6b) These are words of wisdom for us, our culture, and our religious leaders as well as for the day of Jesus.

Lesson Worksheet
THE MONOGAMOUS MARI TAL RELATIONSHIP

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following five point homiletical outline will help review Monogamous Marital Relationship.

Partnership (metroche) (2 Cor.6:14a). What does this text emphasize?
_________________________________________________________________

Fellowship (koinonia) (2 Cor.6:14b). What does this text emphasize?
_________________________________________________________________

Harmony (sumphonesis) (2 Cor.6:15a). What does this text emphasize?
_________________________________________________________________

Common interest (meris) (2 Cor.6:15b). What does this text emphasize?
_________________________________________________________________

Agreement (sugkatathesis) (2 Cor.6:16). What does this text emphasize?
_________________________________________________________________

“I will live with them and I will walk among them, and I will be their God, and they will be My people.”

Write down the four things that God will do for His children in (2 Cor.6:16; Lev.26:12)
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
_________________________________________________________________
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about the Monogamous Marital Relationship. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

Don't go back and change anything you write.
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The Husband's Role in Marriage

With a 50% divorce rate in America and many more marriages in shambles, we are in trouble as a culture and as a church in America. It is time for the church of Jesus Christ to stop pointing her finger at the nation and at the government and begin taking some responsibility for correcting this problem using the authority of God’s word.

As teachers of the word of God, we must be prepared for people in our modern culture to be initially shocked by what the Bible teaches regarding marriage and the husband’s responsibility to his marriage. There is a lot of role reversal in today’s marriage, in the culture and in the church when viewed according to the standard taught in the word of God.

It is my prayer that you will take seriously what the Bible says about marriage and specifically what it says about the husband’s role in marriage. Let me encourage you to take immediate steps to implement it in your marriage. Let me reassure you that God is more interested in your implementing those changes than you can possibly understand at this time.

Jesus attempted to reach His generation during a similar time of cultural marital crisis with the same Biblical teachings on marriage that we study today in Matthew 19:4-6. He began by asking this question: "Have you not read, that He who created them from the beginning made them male and female (Gen. 1:26-27), and said, ‘For this cause a man shall leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife; and the two shall become one flesh (Gen. 2:24)?’" Jesus was saying that the cultural problem of divorce was related to the problem of Scriptural teaching on marriage ("Have you not read?").

The Bible teaches that marriage is more a spiritual covenant or contract than it is a legal contract. Marriage is a divine institution for man and not a human institution for God. This is why the bride and groom exchange wedding vows before God and invited guests. This is a covenant with vows that are not to be broken – “What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate.” (Matt. 19:6)

This principle was stated in the first wedding ceremony of human history as recorded in the Bible (Gen. 2:18-25). Moses wrote about this wedding between Adam and Eve, “For this cause [marriage union based on Gen. 2:23] a man (ish) shall leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife (ishah); and they shall become one flesh [monogamy math is 1+1=1].” (Gen. 2:24)

Notice that during the wedding ceremony the groom becomes (ish) and the bride
becomes (ishah). The reason is explained by Paul in 1 Cor. 11:8-9 which was based on Gen. 2:18-25. When the bride becomes ishah, she becomes bone of the groom’s bone (ish) and flesh of the groom’s flesh (ishah) as they cleave and become one (Gen. 2:23-25). This led Paul to remind his generation of these Biblical teachings on marriage during his own time since they were facing similar marital problems (Eph. 5:22-33).

The ish and ishah concept of Gen. 2: is interpreted by Paul as, “husbands (ish idea) ought also to love their own wives (ishah idea) as their own bodies. He who loves his own wife loves himself; for no one ever hated his own flesh, but nourishes and cherishes it, just as Christ also does the church.” (Eph. 5:28-29).

The Christian husband has certain Biblical responsibilities to his marriage. These are outlined in the word of God. We will discuss several of them in this lesson.

One responsibility of the Christian husband to his marriage is to understand that he has been promoted from rulership authority to headship authority as a result of the saving grace of God in Jesus Christ.

Prior to the fall of Adam (Gen. 2:17-25), the husband was a fellow joint heir of the grace of God with his wife under his headship authority. After the fall (Gen. 3:6-19; Rom. 5:12), the husband was demoted to ruler (mashal) [to have dominion] over his wife as part of her curse due to her participation in the fall of Adam. “He shall rule over you” (Gen. 3:16). Rulership can be harsh and even violent. Many husbands still live in the concept of rulership and do not understand that it is not scriptural for Christians in marriage. (The Christian husband is the head of the marriage and not the ruler of the marriage). By not understanding the difference, even Christian husbands can become involved in marital or even family abuse. By the end of 20th century, 1 out of 5 families reported experiencing violence in the home. 1 in 4 teens are reporting violence while dating which further indicates a misunderstanding or ignorance or even a refusal to accept proper roles. Today, 20% of the American population thinks that it is sometimes acceptable to strike a spouse. It is never acceptable! However, spousal abuse can take several forms.

Let me give you three examples by which you may recognize the spousal abuse of rulership.

1. The "Control freak" abuser: This type person will threaten or act out in violence by hitting, kicking, throwing, or even slamming objects in front of you as a fear tactic in order to control you.

2. The Verbal/Emotional abuser: This type person is the name calling, belittling, threatening to leave, cut you off financially in order to make you fearful and to control you.

3. The Physical abuser: This type person is the pushing, slapping, punching, or destroying your favorite possessions (even animals) to make you fearful in order to control you.

DO NOT ACCEPT ANY OF THESE ABUSES. LEAVE IMMEDIATELY, TELL A CLOSE FRIEND AND GET HELP, AND GET COUNSELING. This is not the function of a Christian husband’s headship. In fact, the husband is commanded to not embitter (pikraino/ present, passive imperfect) his wife.” (Col. 3:19). Pikraino means to treat harshly or critical so as to crush her spirit to make her submit.

Once a husband believes the Gospel: that Jesus Christ died as his substitute for the imputation of the penalty of Adam’s sin, that Jesus was buried and raised from the dead on the third day to give him eternal life (1Cor. 15:3-4; Rom. 1:16; John 5:24), he is promoted from ruler (mashal) to head authority (kephale) over his wife by the saving grace of God (Eph. 2:8-9).
“For the husband is the head of the wife, as Christ also is the head of the church, He Himself being the Savior of the body.” (Eph. 5:23)

Peter taught that the Christian husband is restored to his original status as: “fellow heir of the grace of life” (1 Pet. 3:7).

The Christian husband’s headship authority is connected to the divine chain of authority as outlined in 1 Cor. 11:3, “But I want you to understand that Christ is the head of every man, and the man is the head of a woman, and God is the head of Christ.” [Rank in the divine chain of authority is from top to bottom - God to Christ to Christian husband to wife].

Under headship, the subordinate is never considered inferior since both are fellow heirs of the grace of life in Christ. It refers to order, responsibility, biblical roles, and divine protection. You are always protected by the next rank in the divine chain of authority.

This principle was taught once again in the marriage of Abraham and Sarah as referred to in 1 Pet. 3:1-6. Sarah applied this principle in the Pharaoh incident of Gen. 12:10-20. Her husband (ranked authority) failed her, so she appealed to the authority over her husband, the Lord. Abraham and Sarah were only 21 generations from Adam and Eve in the genealogy of Luke 3:34-38. Yet, this same principle applies to all those marriages in between as well as to all the thousands of marriages from Adam down to today.

The Christian husband is commanded to love (agape) [unconditional and sacrificial relaxed mental attitude love]. “Husbands love (agapao/ p.a.impv.2pl / command) your wives, just as Christ (kathos) [kata and hos is used to intensify this comparison] loved the church and gave Himself up for her” (Eph. 5:25)

In your workbook, write how Christ demonstrated His love for the Church?

“But God demonstrated His own love towards us (church), in that while we were yet sinners (our worst condition), Christ died for us.” (Rom. 5:8)

This is what is meant about the Christian husband loving his wife unconditionally and sacrificially. Love, being commanded by God can be difficult for a husband who doesn’t understand the resources that God has provided which enables him to do that very thing – Love Unconditionally. However, Headship love would never withdraw his love to teach his wife a lesson, where Rulership would! Listen Christian husband, if you want to understand how far your unconditional love is to extend, read the Book of Hosea.

Paul instructed the Christian husband that besides responsibilities of headship and unconditional and sacrificial love, he also has the responsibility for nurturing and cherishing his wife. Paul introduced nurturing and cherishing as part of natural as well as spiritual reasoning: “For (gar) [reasoning] no one ever hated his own flesh [natural reasoning of self], but (alla) [in contrast] nourishes (ektrepho) and cherishes (thalpo) it, just as Christ also dies for the church [spiritual reasoning of wife].” (Eph. 5:29)

Consider these three things:

1. Husband, the mental attitude sin of hatred will hinder loving, nurturing, and cherishing your wife.
2. Husband, nurturing is providing for your wife’s spiritual growth and development as a Christian wife.
3. Husband, cherishing is fostering your wife with tender care. (1 Cor. 7:3-5,33).

Have you noticed that I have not spoken about providing a wife with things such as food, shelter, and clothing (1 Tim. 5:8). It is true that I didn’t give much print to
those things. The reason is because husbands tend to use providing those things as an excuse for ignoring all the other responsibilities to marriage.

The Christian husband is instructed to love, nurture, and cherish his wife because loving, nurturing and cherishing fulfills the original cleaving of marriage (Eph. 5:31 quoting Gen. 2:24).

At this point, you might be thinking, "How can God expect me to be held to the standard of Jesus Christ?"

God will never ask of you anything that He will not provide for you by grace (Gal. 5:16, 22-23; 1 Cor. 13:4-8) [filling ministry of indwelling Holy Spirit]. This principle can be illustrated in the marriage of Abraham and Sarah as recorded in Romans 4:17-21. Pay attention to the following verse because it can be applied to your marriage as well: "And (Abraham, the husband) being fully assured that what He (God) promised, He (God) was able also to perform (for them as a couple).” (Romans 4:21) [Faith cycle, see glossary].

No matter how your earthly marriage has turned out, our heavenly marriage is eternal: "For I am jealous for you with a godly jealousy; for I betrothed you to one husband, that to Christ I might present you as a pure virgin.” (2 Cor. 11:2)
THE HUSBAND’S RESPONSIBILITY TO MARRIAGE

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following five point homiletical outline will help review the Husband’s Responsibility to his Marriage.

Leadership of the husband (Eph.5:22-24). What is the husband’s Divinely Delegated position in the marriage and who is he compared to by God?

_________________________________________________________________

Love of the husband (Eph.5:25-28). How is the husband commanded to love his wife?

_________________________________________________________________

Liability of the husband to his wife (Eph.5:28-30). What are the three things the husband is obligated to do (just as Christ does the church)?

_________________________________________________________________

Leaving and cleaving of the husband (Eph.5:31). Who is to initiate intimacy to whose soul, spirit and body?

_________________________________________________________________

Lesson of the husband’s headship (Eph.5:32-33). The scripture says that it is the husband’s responsibility to Christ and his marriage to restore his marriage relationship to its original status, just as Christ did to His relationship with man following the (sin) fall of Adam. Do you agree?

_________________________________________________________________

“Consequently they are no longer two, but one flesh. What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate.” (Matt.19:6)
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about the Husband's Responsibility in marriage. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

*Don’t go back and change anything you write.*
The Wife’s Role in Marriage

When the 21st century woman enters into the divine institution of marriage, she enters into the same covenant of marriage women have entered into since the first wedding between Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden (Gen. 2:18-25).

Parents didn’t exist at the time of Adam and Eve’s marriage, but God still established a precedent at the time of their wedding that was to be extended to the end of human history. “And the Lord God fashioned into a woman the rib which He had taken from the man, and brought her to the man. And the man said, ’this is now bone of my bone, and flesh of my flesh. She shall be called, woman, because she was taken out of man.’ For this cause a man shall leave his father and his mother and shall cleave to his wife; and they shall become one flesh.” (Gen. 2:22-24)

God understood that interference from parents or dependence on them could be a possibility, so He forewarned both the parents and the newlyweds to apply the doctrinal principle of leaving and cleaving.

“For this cause” is a phrase that teaches the original order of creation as divinely designed for marriage between the man and woman (bone of my bone and flesh of my flesh and because she was taken out of man). Paul interpreted this phrase for the Church in 1 Cor. 11:2-12. “For the man does not originate from woman, but woman from man; for indeed man was not created for the woman’s sake, but woman for the man’s sake.” (1 Cor. 11:8-9) “However, in the Lord, neither is woman independent of man, nor is man independent of woman. For as the woman originates from the man, so also the man has his birth through the woman; and all things originate from God.” (1 Cor. 11:11-12)

Paul is not teaching that the Christian wife is inferior but that she holds the honored place of reflected glory. “For a man ought not to have his head covered, since he is the image and glory of God (authority chain of divine command) (1 Cor. 11:3); but the woman (wife) is the glory of man.” (1 Cor. 11:7)

Peter taught the same doctrinal principle in 1 Peter 3:7. “You husbands likewise, live with your wives in an understanding way, as with a weaker vessel, since she is a woman; and grant her honor as a fellow heir of the grace of life, so that your prayers may not be hindered.” Now do you understand why the wife is described as weaker vessel? (She is the woman of divine design.)

The Greek word for grant is (aponemo) and means that the husband is to assign the wife a place of honor in his life. The husband makes sure that their marriage is the center of their universe. This involves the husband giving his wife time and attention and not just material things.

In the fall of Adam, Eve became the initiator and leader (stronger vessel) rather than responder and supporter and this resulted in all sorts of trouble (Gen. 3; 1 Timothy 2:14). Wives shouldn’t do this even if husbands allow or even want them
Role reversal is a danger to the divine institution of marriage. The more authority the wife gets, the less submissiveness she contributes and this takes her out of the authority chain of command. In the end, both the wife and the husband hate it and eventually they hate each other. This wife will try to justify her behavior by saying things like, "If I didn’t, we wouldn’t." This husband would rather cave-in than listen to her nagging. Here is "jifty check" counseling; get back into God’s divinely designed roles for your marriage. That is your starting place!

The Christian wife is commanded to be submissive to her husband’s position in the divine chain of authority command (1 Cor. 11:3 – God over Christ over Husband over Wife). The Greek word for submits is (hupotasso, which in the p.m.impv is a command). It’s also a continuous (present tense) command (imperative) for the wife to submit (hupotasso) and she, her husband, and marriage will be benefited by it (middle voice) (Col. 3:18).

There are two reasons why hupotasso (submit) was used rather than hupakouo (obey). The first reason is that hupotasso is a military word referring to a rank system of positions of authority (1 Cor. 11:3). The second reason hupotasso is used is because the Christian husband holds the position of headship in the divine chain of authority. “Wives, be subject to your own husbands, as to the Lord. For the husband is the head of the wife, as Christ also is the head of the church, He Himself being the Savior of the body.” (Eph. 5:22-23).

The Christian husband has been promoted, by saving grace from the position of rulership over the woman’s curse of the fall to position of headship in the divine chain of command. (Gen. 3:16) (the word rule is mashal or to dominate). Thus God wants the Christian wife to be submissive to word of God regarding the husband’s position (as to the Lord) regardless of his personality, strengths, or weaknesses. “In the same way, you wives, be submissive to your own husbands so that even if any of them are disobedient to the word, they may be won without a word by the behavior of their wives.” (1 Pet. 3:1)

This also reminds us that the intimacy of marriage (cleaving) can bring out people’s inadequacies and inadequacies because the more the two work on becoming one the more keenly aware they become of their differences and indifferences.

An incident in the marriage of Abraham and Sarah points out this principle. (Gen. 20:1-18). Abraham failed a second time to protect his wife’s soul, body, and spirit (1 Pet. 2:25). Sarah submitted herself to the divine chain of authority [as to the Lord] (Col. 3:18) [God, The Father over Christ – Christ over the husband – the Husband over the wife] (1 Cor. 11:3). Sarah looked to her Lord and God to protect her in the absence of her husband’s failure to protect her. This placed her under the absolute authority of God Almighty. “Now therefore, restore the man’s wife, for he is a prophet, and he will pray for you, and you will live. But if you do not restore her, know that you shall surely die, you and all who are yours.” (Gen. 20:7)

Listen to Peter’s comments on Sarah’s faithful submission: “But let it be the hidden person of the heart, with the imperishable quality of a gentle spirit, which is precious in the sight of God. For in this way in former times the holy women also, who hoped in God, used to adorn themselves, being submissive (hupotasso) to their own husbands. Thus Sarah obeyed (hupakouo) Abraham, calling him lord, and you have become her children if you do what is right without being frightened by any fear.” (1 Pet. 3:4-6)

Peter made an interesting point by using both (hupotasso) [submitting] and (hupakouo) [obeyed] for Sarah during her marriage crisis. She submitted (hupotasso) to the headship position in Abraham’s divine chain of authority [as to the Lord, Christ]. At the same time she obeyed (hupakouo) her husband’s rulership as lord. The divine chain of authority that she was under as a believer did not fail her even though her husband did.

The Surgeon General of U.S has declared domestic violence to be the leading cause of injury to the American female between the ages of 14 and 44. It is estimated that 4 million women are violently abused and 3.3 million children watch it happen every year! Statistics show that 20-30% (37% in Birmingham, Al.) of emergency hospital treatment of women is from spousal abuse and 60% of the homicides of women were also the result of spousal abuse.
THE PROFILE OF AN ABUSED MATE (Circle the ones that you see yourself in these 9 questions.)

- Are you frightened and intimidated by your mate’s temper?
- Are you afraid to disagree with your mate?
- Are you always apologizing for your mate’s bad behavior towards you?
- Are you forced to have sex after you state you don’t want to have sex?
- Are you always adjusting your normal behavior to avoid his abnormal behavior?
- Are you repeatedly being accused of flirting or having affairs?
- Are you unable to go places or do things without permission because of jealousy or suspicions?
- Has your mate destroyed or disposed of some of your personal possessions out of anger or spite?
- Have you been physically injured by your mate and hidden it from others?

If you circled:

- 1 to 2: You need to talk to someone close to you such as friends and family about it.
- 3 to 4: You need to talk to a professional counselor or minister or some battered woman’s program.
- 5 or more: You need to get out of harm’s way, away from this abuser and talk to the local police or authorities and/or enter a battered woman’s program.

Abuse can occur in homes of Believers as well as unbelievers. However, it is unacceptable carnal behavior in the lives of Believers (Read: Gal. 5:16-25; 1 Cor. 3:1-3; Rom. 13:13-14; 1 Pet. 2:11-12).

Let me give you an example of an Old Testament Believer who was once a spousal abuser (Gen. 29:31-35). Jacob abused Leah. He tried to justify his abuse by saying that his first wife had trapped him into marriage (Gen. 29:21-26) and that he was in love with another woman (Gen. 29:27-30) “Now the Lord saw that Leah was unloved, and He opened her womb, but Rachel was barren.” (Gen. 29:31)

Jacob’s choice of abuse was to withhold godly soul love from Leah and give her only sexual love without any sense of soul love (Eph. 5:25-28).

Like so many wives, Leah played the victim and accepted the abuse out of guilt, shame, and desperation to save the marriage: “surely now my husband will love me.” Read her testimony as a victim of abuse (Gen. 29:32-34). She believed she could fix her husband and make him love her but that didn’t work. Then she thought that maybe giving him children would repair the marriage, but that didn’t work. Four children later, their marriage was no better.

Jacob’s bad attitude and behavior was not her fault. It was his fault! It is important that you understand that you choose how you respond to what happens to you. Leah didn’t have a choice in how Jacob treated her, but she did have a choice in her response to his abuse. You should never accept abuse a SECOND TIME!

Leah’s testimony is that you can’t make your husband love you; only God can make your husband love you. During her fourth pregnancy, Leah woke up spiritually and decided to put it the hands of the Lord and to leave it there. It didn’t change their marriage but it did change her heart. “And she conceived again and bore a son and said, ‘Therefore she named him JUDAH.’ Then she stopped bearing.” (Gen. 29:35; Gen. 49:8-12)

The first person to change in an abusive relationship is YOU!

“Nevertheless let each individual among you also love his own wife even as himself; and let the wife see to it that she respects her husband.” (Eph. 5:33)
Lesson Worksheet

Previous Chapter:
Husband’s Role in Marriage

Next Chapter:
Conflict & Communication

Marriage, Divorce, & Remarriage
By Ron Adema, Pastor of Doctrinal Studies Bible Church

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THE WIFE’S RESPONSIBILITY TO MARRIAGE

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following five point homiletical outline will help you review the Wife’s Responsibility to her Marriage.

Belief of the wife (1 Pet.3:1). What does God command every wife to do regarding her husband?
_________________________________________________________________

Behavior of the wife (1 Pet.3:2). How does the wife’s respect for God’s Word influence her husband?
_________________________________________________________________

Beauty of the wife (1 Pet.3:3-4). How can the wife “catch God’s eye”?
_________________________________________________________________

Blessing of the wife (1 Pet.3:5). How can a spiritually mature wife win her husband?
_________________________________________________________________

Battle of the wife (1 Pet.3:6). What does Sarah’s example provide for every wife?
_________________________________________________________________

REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about the Wife’s Responsibility in marriage. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

Don’t go back and change anything you write.
Conflict and Communication

90% of Americans will marry by age of 45. 50% of these will divorce, 75% of those divorced will remarry and 60% of those remarried will divorce a second time! These statistics reveal at least three facts about marital "conflict and communication" in America.

1. Our first choice in marriage is usually the best choice.
2. We seem to be able to easily find a person to marry, but find it very difficult to remain married to that person.
3. We seem to be able to work through pre-marital conflict well enough to get married, but are unable to work through marital conflict well enough to remain married.

Unfortunately this seems to be true of Christians as well as non-Christians in our present day culture.

In this booklet, we have studied the specific instructions given in 1 Peter 3:1-7, to the Christian wife and husband. Now, "to sum it up" we will study Peter's summary of marriage and how to deal with "marital conflict" in it from 1 Pet. 3:8-9.

Spiritual and Carnal aspects of Conflict

In 1 Pet. 3:8-9, Peter gives us both the positive and negative approaches to marital conflict: five spiritual factors on how to resolve it and two carnal factors that will further inflame it.

The following five spiritual factors are used to resolve marital conflict (1 Pet. 3:8).

- Let all be harmonious (homophon) like-minded and willing to compromise to become one mind.
- Let all be sympathetic (sumpathes) share in the suffering of another and willing to hear their hurt.
- Let all be brotherly (philadelphos) friendship love and willing to set aside self-interest.
- Let all be kindhearted (eusplagchos) affectionate and willing to forgive faults and wrongs.
- Let all be humble in spirit (tapeinophron) humble minded and willing to go the second mile.

The following two carnal factors should be avoided because they are throwing fuel on the fire of marital conflict (1 Pet. 3:9).
• Returning evil for evil – Don't retaliate no matter how hurtful but be willing to give a blessing.
• Returning insult for insult – Don't speak hurtful words but be willing to give healing words as a blessing.

“But giving a blessing (eulogeo/ p.a.ptc.nplm) instead; for you were called for the very purpose that you might inherit a blessing.”

We will illustrate these carnal factors in the marital conflict between David and Michal and Michal’s father (Saul) and how they further inflamed their marital conflict.

Case Study: David and Michal

David was Michal’s first love. They were equivalent to the homecoming queen and the star football player falling madly in love in storybook form (1 Sam. 18:14, 20). This love story also has an interfering parent (1 Sam. 18:21-29). This is one reason God forewarned parents and those marrying about leaving and cleaving:

“For this cause a man shall leave his father and mother, and shall cleave to his wife; and the two shall become one flesh.” (Gen. 2:24; Matt. 19:5; Eph. 5:31)

This is also a story about couples not cleaving (intimacy of togetherness) into one flesh and the heartaches that come from the two carnal factors mentioned by Peter (1 Pet. 3:8-9).

Saul tried to destroy their marriage from the start and when that failed he tried to have David murdered (1 Sam. 19-20). Michal and her brother Jonathan aided David in escaping Saul’s plot but at great cost to all of them.

“So Saul said to Michal, ‘why have you deceived me like this and let my enemy go, so that he has escaped?’ (1 Sam. 19:17) “Now Saul had given Michal his daughter, David’s wife, to Palti the son of Laish, who was from Gallim.” (1 Sam. 25:44)

“Then Saul’s anger burned against Jonathan and he said to him, ‘you son of a perverse, rebellious woman! Do I not know that you are choosing the son of Jesse to your own shame and to the shame of your mother’s nakedness?’” (1 Sam. 20:30)

“Then Saul hurled his spear at him to strike him down.” (1 Sam. 20:33) It is a miracle of God’s grace that these two children turned out as good as they did.

Years later when Saul and Jonathan were dead and David was made king and had remarried, David summoned Michal (2 Sam. 3:13-15). By now, Michal also had remarried and her husband loved her very much. Her husband pleaded for her but David wouldn’t listen (2 Sam. 3:16). He was determined to return evil for evil and insult for insult (2 Sam. 6:15-23; Prov. 16:2; 17:13; 20:3).

This love story ends in sadness and despair: "she despised David in her heart“ (2 Sam. 6:16) “and Michal the daughter of Saul had no child to the day of her death.” (2 Sam. 6:23; Prov. 14:10)

Marital conflict fought "in the flesh" (carnality of Old Sin Nature) (OSN) (1 Cor. 3:1-3; 1 Pet. 2:11) has been described as two snakes taking each other by the tail and swallowing each other. Paul warns about this danger in (Gal. 5:15) “But if you bite and devour one another, take care lest you be consumed by one another.” (See also Prov. 19:11)
When everything is going well in our marriage, we think we have sufficient communication until some unresolved conflict resurfaces again. [How would the following 5 questions best describe your marriage?]

- Who usually has to initiate any reconciliation? You or your mate?
- How long does it normally take to make-up: Minutes, hours, days or sometimes longer?
- How do you normally resolve the conflict? Do you give-in, walk away or talk it out?
- How do you reassure each other that it will not happen again? Do you or your mate promise to change, compromise or don’t even go there?
- What is your mate’s first response to conflict? Do they withdraw, argue or pray?

As a Believer, consider Col. 3:13: "Bear with each other and forgive whatever grievances you may have against one another. Forgive as the Lord forgave you."

The spiritual solution, for the Believer is to walk in the filling ministry of the indwelling Holy Spirit. (1 Cor. 6:19-20; Eph. 5:18)

(Gal. 5:16) (the protocol) "But I say, walk by means of the Spirit, (the promise) "and you will not carry out the desires of the flesh."

This spiritual solution should be applied as soon as you see the storm of marital conflict coming as well as when engaged in it. Most Christian couples, I counsel don’t attempt to apply this spiritual solution until their marital conflict has brought them to the very end of their marital relationship! They should be walking, through their marital conflicts by means of the Holy Spirit rather than "in their flesh (OSN). (James 4:1-3).

Walking "by means of" the Spirit should produce a desire to be Christ-like more than right and a desire to place the divine institution of marriage above personal interests (Eph. 5:22-33; Rom. 15:1-4).

**Strategies for improving communications**

Let me suggest four ways to improve communications that will help in resolving marital conflict.

- Listen, without interrupting in word or in thought and talk without attacking. (Prov. 12:15). Resolving conflicts consists of 70% listening and 30% talking (Eccl. 3:7; James 1:19-20) Avoid these three things: dominating the conversation, interrupting or speaking simultaneously, using declaratives and giving ultimatums (Prov. 29:20).
- Unresolved past conflicts are the smoldering coals of future poor communications resulting in more flare-ups. The wife who says, “he never listens” and the husband who says "she nags and complains all the time” are describing poor communications (Prov. 17:13).

It is important to listen to hear and understand what your mate is actually saying and meaning in order to decide how you can work with your mate to resolve it! “Let no unwholesome word proceed from your mouth, but only such a word as is good for edification according to the need of the moment, that it may give grace to those who hear.” (Eph. 4:29; Prov. 21:23)

- Stop talking in emotional riddles and verbal codes that only skirt around the issues. Psychologists describe it as subrogation. Substituting one thing for another without telling what it means. For example: The husband simply "asks his
wife" to pass the salt. She explodes, "that's all I'm good for around here!" "Do this and do that and I'm sick of it!" Is she actually having a problem with "passing the salt"? Or is she attacking her husband in order to wake him up: about something that she "asked of him" previously? Perhaps she's frustrated with some other issue in their marriage? (Prov. 12:18; 27:5)

- Use interrogatives, in your communications when attempting to resolve marital conflict. Here is an example to the "pass the salt" conflict (the wife says "what about what I want"). The husband could respond by saying: "Honey, what do you want? I'm willing to listen now and it will be okay because I want us to talk through this, pray about it and get it resolved." (Prov. 16:23-24). "The wise in heart will be called discerning, and sweetness of speech increases persuasiveness." (Prov. 16:21).

Unfortunately, marriage counselors report that 75% of marital conflicts are never sufficiently resolved.

Biblical examples of communication resulting in conflict

Adam and Eve's marriage is another example of poor communications and unresolved marital conflict in a spiritual family that resulted in painful consequences.

(1 Tim. 2:14) Eve began to spend a lot of time with someone else, who had gained her trust as spiritual teacher in place of her husband and pastor-teacher, of the Garden of Eden Church. This new spiritual partner began to challenge the spiritual truth believed by her husband and pastor-teacher.

- Why wasn't she talking to her husband and pastor about it? She apparently wasn't talking or confiding in her husband about these different spiritual views.
- Why was Adam absent and oblivious to what was happening under his nose?
- Why did Adam listen and obey his wife when she gave him the forbidden fruit to eat? (Prov. 7:21-23)
- Why did Adam try to pass off his responsibility by blame? (Gen. 3:12; Prov. 8:32-36)

The marriage of Hannah and Elkanah is our final example of poor communications and unresolved marital conflict in a spiritual family that resulted in pain but got resolved in the end.

(1 Sam. 1:1-20) Elkanah demonstrated his love like so many husbands by giving his wife everything except the one thing she wanted the most (1 Sam. 1:5, 8, 19). However, what she wanted the most only God could give her (1 Sam. 1:5, 19-20). She became depressed, wept bitterly, and wouldn't eat out of great grief (1 Sam. 1:7, 8, 10, 15, 16). "In whatever our heart condemns us; for God is greater than our hearts, and knows all things." (1 John 3:20)

Pay special attention to the "role prayer played" in resolving this marital conflict. "I have poured out my soul before the Lord." (1 Sam. 1:15; 1 Pet. 3:7; 1 Cor. 7:5-6; 1 John 5:14-15)

Good communication with the Lord is essential when there is poor communication with your mate. "So the woman went her way and ate, and her face was no longer sad." (1 Sam. 1:18; James 5:13-18)

Lesson Worksheet
MARRITAL CONFLICT & COMMUNICATION

WORKSHEET

REVIEW OF MATERIAL:

We have learned four ways to improve communications that will help in resolving marital conflict.

These four are listening, smoldering coals, verbal riddles, and interrogatives.

Explain how each of these communication techniques could have been applied to Hannah and Elkanah’s marital conflict (1 Sam.1: 1-20).

Listening:

______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________

Smoldering coals:

______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________

Verbal riddles:

______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________

Interrogatives:

______________________________________________________________________
______________________________________________________________________
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about Marital Conflict and Communication. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

Don’t go back and change anything you write.
Marital Copulation

Marriage counselors report that the four most stated causes of marital conflict leading to divorce are sex, finances, time spent together, and children. Actually, these are symptoms more than causes of marital conflict leading to divorce.

As a counselor of Christian marriages, the six most reported areas of conflicts regarding marital copulation are as follows. Which of the following can you identify as areas of conflict in your marriage?

- How often to have sex
- Different opinions about sexual acts
- Need for mutual pleasure
- Importance of romance and intimacy
- Acceptable reasons for abstinence
- When to have children

How has romantic foreplay changed with your mate?

We teach single believers six signs of affections: “Above all else, guard your heart (affections), for it is the wellspring of life.” (Prov. 4:23). The last four are for marital copulation: “His left arm is under my head and his right arm embraces me. Daughters of Jerusalem, I charge you; do not arouse or awaken love until it so desires.” (Song of Solomon 8:3-4).

- Holding and hugging
- Kissing and caring
- Necking and caressing
- Petting and fondling
- Sexual intercourse (marital copulation)
- Holding and hugging

Because marital copulation is occasional and LOVE is constant, both the husband and wife should be more oriented to LOVE than lovemaking.

“Do nothing from selfishness or empty conceit, but with humility of mind let
each of you regard one another as more important than himself; do not merely look out for your own interests, but also for the interests of others.”  

(Phil. 2:3-4)

Marriage requires the entire romantic love package. Marital copulation is one way of expressing it. “When Isaac had been there a long time, Abimelech king of the Philistines looked down from a window and saw Isaac caressing his wife Rebekah.”  

(Gen. 26:8)

It is not just for the honeymoon and the first year of marriage. The husband and wife need to learn to be romantic apart from sex. We need to learn how to please our mate in all the rooms of our house and not just the bedroom.

**Paul's instruction regarding copulation**

Paul instructed Christians that all sexual arousal is limited to the marriage relationship. “It is good for a man (single) NOT to touch (hapto) [to sexual arousal] a woman (single). But because of immoralities (porneia) [illicit sexual behavior], let each man have his own wife, and let each woman have her own husband.”  

(1 Cor. 7:1-2)

“But if they cannot control themselves, they should marry, for it is better to marry than to burn with passion.”  

(1 Cor. 7:9)

When you read that all sexual AROUSAL should be limited to marriage and you laugh, you realize that the Christian church has not influenced the American culture toward change for the past 25 years. Christians have lost the influence upon our culture and we must be willing to regain it by addressing our own problems with the truth of God’s word and the desire to effect change in our lives. “And do not be conformed to this world, but be transformed by the renewing of your minds, that you may prove what the will of God is, that which is good and acceptable and perfect.”  

(Rom. 12:2)

This was Paul’s advice to the Christians at Rome and Corinth whose pagan cultures were heathen and engaged in sexual promiscuity. “Flee (pheugo / p.a.impv 2pl) [command] immorality. Every other sin that a man commits is outside the body, but the immoral man sins against his own body. Or do you not know that your body is the temple of the Holy Spirit who is in you, whom you have from God, and that you are not your own? For you have been bought with a price: therefore glorify God in your body.”  

(1 Cor. 6:18-20)

Stop here for a moment and think about one way you can glorify God in your body:

- Joseph of the Old Testament is an example of fleeing fornication: "How then could I do such a wicked thing and sin against God.”  

(Gen. 39:7-20).

I do not need to cite statistics of a promiscuous American culture to you. John called the Church of Thyatira by the name, Jezebel, and warned that the church had become worse than the heathen culture she was sent to change  

(Rev. 2:18-29).

“Let marriage be held in honor among you all, and let the marriage bed be undefiled; for fornicators and adulterers God will judge.”  

(Heb. 13:4)

**8 Principles for Biblical Copulation**

There are eight aspects of martial copulation that will help Christians have mutual pleasure in their marital relationship.
1. When two Christians marry, they commit themselves to God’s teaching regarding all aspects of marriage as a divine institution (Gen. 2:18-25; Matt. 19:3-12; 1 Cor. 7; Eph. 5:22-33; 1 Pet. 3:1-7). Jesus told his generation that their ignorance of biblical teaching on marriage was one reason for the rise in divorce (Matt. 19:3-12).

2. Sexual compatibility can be marred before marriage by sexual promiscuity and on the honeymoon by not being sensitive to sexual compatibility (1 Cor. 6:12-17). It is estimated that one million sexual diseases are transmitted each year and 60% of those are by promiscuous teens. Promiscuity also builds scar tissue (hardness) on the Christian’s soul that can affect other areas of his life as well as other relationships in his life (Prov. 6:32-33; Eph. 4:17-24).

3. Couples who live together before marriage have a 50% greater chance of divorce than those who don’t (Jeffrey Larson, USA Today, 1996). Larson’s study revealed that couples who were cohabiting did so because they were poor marital risks. In 2000 the US Census Bureau reported six million unmarried heterosexual couples living together.

4. Marital copulation is not the source of love, but rather the expression of it. “Couples described as having happy marriages made love three times more often than couples who were unhappy.” (Psychology Today, 1980) Since copulation is occasional but a couple’s interaction is constant, the development of one’s capacity for soul love and the development of soul compatibility are more important to marital happiness. The husband is commanded to agape love his wife in Eph. 5:25 (godly love). The wife is instructed to philos love her husband in Titus 2:4 (friendship love).

5. Marital copulation was divinely designed for both recreation and procreation (Gen. 1:27-28; 3:16; 4:1). Medically, we learn that there is a difference between the female reproductive system and her sexual system. We learn that a wife does not have to be sexually aroused to become pregnant. We learn that menopause delivers the woman from cursing to blessing (Gen. 3:16). It is reported that couples between the ages of 72-90 enjoy sex at least four times a month.

6. God designed marriage to be the playground for mutual body, soul, and spiritual pleasure as two people merge into oneness (Gen. 2:23-24; Eph. 5:28-33; 1 Cor. 7:1-5). In a healthy male the sperm manufactures every 2.7 days and in a healthy female, the egg manufactures every 3.2 days. This means that in a healthy couple, copulation would naturally occur 2 or 3 times a week. Merging or cleaving (intimate togetherness) helps a couple unite emotionally, psychologically, spiritually, and sexually. It helps you and your mate overcome inhibitions and inexperience (Gen. 2:25; Heb. 13:4). The American Journal of Gynecologists reported that 75% of women receive no pleasure from copulation and 40% have never experienced an orgasm. This seems to suggest that there is enough communication to mutually have sex, but not enough to mutually give and receive pleasure (1 Cor. 7:3-5).

7. In a Christian marriage neither mate is at liberty to do as he/she pleases with his/her own body sexually. - “The wife’s body does not belong to her alone but also to her husband. In the same way, the husband’s body does not belong to him alone, but also to his wife.” (1 Cor. 7:4) In marriage, the issue is interdependence and not dependence or independence. This eliminates all sexual activities that do not involve both consenting partners. Sexual deprivation must be only by mutual consent and by agreement upon time and purpose (1 Cor. 7:1-5).

8. Marital copulation conflict can be a source of angelic conflict: “Do not deprive each other except by mutual consent and for a time, so that you may devote yourselves to prayer. Then come together again so that Satan will not tempt you because of your lack of self-control.” (1 Cor. 7:5) Satan can get into your Christian marriage through this area because sex originates in the soul before the body (foreplay) (1 Pet. 3:7). It is reported that the average person thinks 4000 thoughts each day and that only 1% is sexual. Marital copulation is enhanced by the “fragrant memories” of romantic pleasures. It is reported that romantic and satisfied couples think more about copulation than couples who are unsatisfied.

“Enjoy life with the wife whom you love all the days of your fleeting life which He has given you under the sun; for this is your reward in life, and in your toil in which you have labored under the sun.” (Eccl. 9:9)
Lesson Worksheet

Marriage, Divorce, & Remarriage
By Ron Adema, Pastor of Doctrinal Studies Bible Church

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MARI TAL COPULATION

WORKSHEET

In Review:
The following five point homiletical outline will help you review Marital Copulation.

Danger (1 Cor.7:1-2). What is God’s opinion of sex outside of marriage?

_________________________________________________________________

Duty (1 Cor.7:3-4). What responsibility is associated with marital copulation?

_________________________________________________________________

Deprive (1 Cor.7:5a). Should sexual abstinence be only by consent?

_________________________________________________________________

Devil (1 Cor.7:5b). Can marital copulation be a source for the angelic conflict? How?

_________________________________________________________________

Desires (1 Cor.7:9). If unmarried and “burning” what does God instruct you to do?

_________________________________________________________________
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about Marital Copulation and how it relates to your own marriage. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

Don’t go back and change anything you write
It is reported that America leads the world in divorce and sending missionaries to the world. Does that sound like a spiritual contradiction? The divorce rate in America was under 2% per 1000 population until 1945. In 1960, there were 393,000 divorces. In 1970, there were 708,000 divorces. In 1980, there were 1.2 million divorces. While divorce has doubled since 1970, it has increased by 290% among baby boomers. “Baby boomers are committing themselves in masses to causes, but not intimate relationship.” (Baby Boomers by Carol Keeney)

The number of single-parent households has increased by 100% since 1970. The mother heads 9 out of 10 single-parent households. One (1) out of four (4) will immediately slip into poverty because of the loss of the father’s income. One (1) out of two (2) will remain below the national family poverty line. (U.S. Census for 2000; “Portrait of an American”, Newsweek, Jan. 1983). These are typical statistics of a morally and spiritually declining nation.

“At the time when divorces were granted most frequently among the Romans, marriages were most rare and Augustus was obligated by penal law to force men of fashion into marriage.” (Pulpit Commentary, pg.384)

The historian Hume believed that frequent divorces “blunt the issue of the sacredness of marriage and leads to licentious living.”

Jesus describes divine institution of marriage

Some religious leaders in a similarly declining nation asked Jesus to explain why there was a divorce clause in the Mosaic law of Deut. 24:1-4 (Matt. 19:3-12). Jesus answered them in two parts.

Jesus began by explaining the divine institution of marriage to them. (Matt. 19:3-6) Then He added: “What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate.”

They were not satisfied with the discussion on marriage. So they pressed Him on the issue of divorce (Matt. 19:7). Jesus explained that Moses permitted divorce because of “hardness of heart.” Then He added: “But from the beginning it has not been this way.”(Matt. 19:8)

His point?

When God instituted marriage, He didn’t institute a clause for divorce (Gen. 2:18-25).

Moses permitted divorce because of hardness of hearts towards marriage as a divine
The key to marital longevity is a healthy spiritual relationship with God.

Principle:

Wives, be subject to your own husbands, as to the Lord. (Eph. 5:22)

Husbands, love your wives, just as Christ also loved the church and gave Himself up for her. (Eph. 5:25)

There are six passages on divorce and remarriage that should be studied before getting married or divorce.

- **Deuteronomy 24:1-4** teaches us about the Mosaic Law of divorce and remarriage.
- **Malachi 2:14-17** teaches us that the rise of divorce is a sign of moral and spiritual decline of a nation.
- **Matthew 5:31-32** teaches us that the exception and exclusion clauses of divorce and remarriage.
- **Matthew 19:3-12** teaches us that it is the 'hardness of hearts' that cause divorce and that marriage was designed originally under the principle of “until death do us part.”
- **Rom. 7:1-3 and 1 Cor. 7:39** teach us about death and remarriage.
- **1 Cor. 7:10-16** teaches us that the desertion of an unbelieving mate gives us the scriptural 'right' to remarry.

Let me tell you that God can do the IMPOSSIBLE! “For nothing will be impossible with God.” (Luke 1:37)

Stop here for a moment and pray this prayer: “Father, my marriage is in trouble and my heart has become callous. I feel so embittered and emotionally numb. I want to surrender both my marriage and my heart to you, but I will need YOU to do the impossible. In Jesus name.”

Now read 1 John 5:14-15 and understand that it is God’s will to restore your marriage. “What therefore God has joined together, let no man separate.” (Matt. 19:6)

After reading, Col. 3:12-19, what things does Paul tell you to put on, before you put on LOVE?

- What will rule in your heart?
- What will dwell in you richly?
- What can you do in word and deed?
- What is the wife’s role?
- What is the husband’s role?

How much of this can you control? So don’t focus on what you can’t control!

**A Biblical understanding of divorce**

Malachi viewed divorce as breaking faith with the wedding vows (Col.2:10-16) “I hate divorce, says the Lord of Israel, and I hate a man’s covering himself with violence as well as with his garments, says the Lord Almighty. So guard yourself in your spirit, and do not break faith.” (Col. 2:16)
The following five Biblical words are used to explain the dissolution of the Divine Institution of marriage.

1. The Hebrew word (kerithuth) refers to divorce as separating the unity of marriage (1+1=1) [i.e. one flesh] but divorce results in (1+1=2) [two flesh's] (Deut. 24:1-4).

2. The Greek word (apostasion) refers to certificate of divorce (Matt. 5:31; 19:7).

3. The Greek word (apoluo) refers to being released from marriage with rights for remarriage (Matt. 5:31).

4. The Greek word (aphiemi) refers to legal separation with purpose of reconciliation (1 Cor. 7:10-11).

5. The Greek word (chorizo) refers to unbeliever's choice to leave giving rights for remarriage (1 Cor. 7:15). When this word is used with Believers, it is not grounds for divorce or remarriage (1 Cor. 7:10-11) [send away].

Therefore, great care should be used when entering or leaving the Divine Institution of marriage. Prior to the apostate Exodus generation, no certificate of divorce was issued. Moses permitted it because of the Exodus generation hardness of their hearts towards the teachings of God resulting in spousal abuse.

The subject of divorce and remarriage is always a big topic in a morally and spiritually declining generation. It was true of Moses, Jesus and Paul and it is still true today: "Now concerning the things about which you wrote." (1 Cor. 7:1)

How to reclaim your marriage for Christ

Let me encourage you to NOT throw out the baby (marriage) with the dirty bath water (marital problems). The baby is worth the effort of saving.

If you haven’t yet divorced, there are seven things I would like you to do: (1 Pet. 3:1-7)

• Remain in status quo until God changes it (1 Cor. 7:20-24).
• Seek out a good spiritual and marital counselor (1 Cor. 6:1-6; 7:1).
• Enlist confident praying warriors (James 1:5-8; 5:13-18).
• Study God’s word on the subject of marriage, divorce, and remarriage before you make any final decision (2 Tim. 2:15; Col. 2:6-8).
• Commit to a consistent walk by means of the Indwelling Holy Spirit (Gal. 5:16-25).
• Commit to a consistent walk by cycling the Word of God through faith (2 Cor. 5:7; 1 Pet. 3:8-9).
• Place yourself under a solid bible teaching and nurturing congregation during this trying time (Matt. 4:4; Heb. 10:25; Eph. 4:11-16).

Five principles for divorce and remarriage

Here are five things that every Christian should understand about marriage, divorce, and remarriage.

1. Fornication can be grounds for divorce with rights for remarriage for the innocent mate.

• Jesus gave an interpretation of the (erwah dabar) [some indecency] of Deut. 24:1 in Matt. 5:32: “except for the cause of unchastely (pomeia)”
• And again in Matt. 19:9 “except for immorality (pomeia)”. Jesus used (pomeia) [illicit sexual behavior] as referenced in Lev. 18. Such biblical grounds for divorce gives rights for remarriage.
2. There are four additional conditions that could give rights for remarriage.

- Death of an ex-mate (Rom. 7:2-3; 1 Cor. 7:39).
- Remarriage of the ex-mate (Deut. 24:1-4).
- Desertion by an unbeliever mate (1 Cor. 7:12-16).
- Being the innocent party of modern divorce gimmicks (no fault, incompatibility/without your consent) (Mal. 2:14-17; Deut. 24:1-4; Matt. 19:3-12).

3. You would better off to live in single celibacy, waiting until you have 'rights' for remarriage, as listed above than to remarry without "the Biblical rights". (1 Cor. 7:10-11, 20-24).

4. Marriage, to an improperly divorced Believer is described as an adulterous remarriage (Matt. 5:31-32; 19:3-12; Rom. 7:1-3)

- It is called adulterous because it is directed against the mate of the first marriage. This means that God withholds institutional grace from that marriage (Gen.2:18-25).
- God’s grace must come to this marriage through the individuals personal spiritual relationship(Eph. 2:8-9; 2 Pet. 3:18; 1 Cor. 7:12-16).

5. Rights of remarriage carry the same responsibilities as all Scriptural marriages.

- Don’t marry an unbeliever (2 Cor. 6:14-18).
- Don’t marry an improperly divorced person (Deut. 24:1-4).
- Don’t be an immoral single because you were once married (1 Cor. 6:15-17:2:9).
- Marry a spiritually compatible person (1 Cor. 7:39; 9:5).

A wonderful Christian lady once told me that a wheel turns in two directions. It can travel forward or backward. It is up to the driver which direction it travels. Let me encourage you to travel FORWARD, in God’s direction for grace healing.

“Let us draw near with confidence to the throne of grace, that we may receive mercy and find grace to help in time of need.” (Heb. 4:16)

Lesson Worksheet

Previous Chapter: Divorce and Remarriage

Next Chapter: Summation
Doctrinal Studies Bible Church
Birmingham, AL
www.doctrinalstudies.com

DIVORCE AND REMARRIAGE

WORKSHEET

In Review:

The following four point homiletical outline will help review divorce and Remarriage.

Reminder (Rom.7:1). At what point do the Scriptural laws of marriage and divorce have no jurisdiction over you?

______________________________________________________________________

Release (Rom.7:2). What is one circumstance that would release a mate from their marriage?

______________________________________________________________________

Remarriage (Rom.7:3). What is one circumstance providing an ex-spouse right of remarriage?

______________________________________________________________________

Retrospect (Rom.7:4-6). How is the “Law” compared to “Right for remarriage”, illustrating the doctrine of positional truth (see glossary).

______________________________________________________________________
REFLECTION UPON YOUR MARRIAGE

This is the time for you to reflect on what you have learned about Divorce & Remarriage and how it relates to your own marriage. In the box below, write the things that you have learned that can be applied to your marriage and why.

_Don’t go back and change anything you write._
Summation

We began with the study of the Origin of Marriage as recorded in Gen. 2. We learned that the first married couple of the human race began in a state of marital bliss. Then, came the stress and strain of normal life and with it came marital conflict. This resulted in everyone blaming everyone, even God (Gen. 3). Adam and Eve were evicted from their home in shame. Their marital bliss turned into marital blame. It didn’t look like the ideal married couple would live happily ever after.

Yet, they were able to rebuild their marriage from the shambles it had become back to a state of marital bliss. The question is, “How did they do it?” They became honest and open to God about themselves and their failures. They sought God for the answers and the power to rebuild their marriage.

This booklet was written to help you through the different stages of marital conflict with biblical answers in order to connect you with God’s amazing grace and power.

It is important to read every bible verse in its context and to complete every worksheet at the end of each chapter.

Check out the other resources that are available on our church web site at www.doctrinalstudies.com and watch out for our special weekend marriage seminars. If you would like more information and are interested in attending, print and fill out the forms posted on those sites and return it to us.

“A husband also must love his wife. He must love her just as he loves himself. And a wife must respect her husband.” Eph. 5:33